

# **INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR**

## Assessment - 2 (2023-24)

## **SUB: Mathematics (041)**

Date: 30/11/2023

Set 2

Time Allowed :3 hours

Maximum Marks: 80

Class: XI

General Instructions:

Hov 2. Sect 3. Sect 4. Sect 5. Sect 6. Sect eac Q. No	wever, th tion A ha tion B ha tion C ha tion D ha tion E ha	on paper con ere are inten us 18 MCQ's us 5 Very Sha us 6 Short An us 4 Long An us 3 source b ub parts.	rnal choice and 02 A. ort Answer iswer (SA) iswer (LA)	es in some q ssertion-Rea · (VSA)-type · type questi · type questi	uestions. uson based questions ons of 3 ma ons of 5 ma uge based/i	questions o of 2 marks arks each. arks each.	of 1 mark each.	t each.		
1.	If A and B are disjoint sets and $n(A) = 3$ and $n(B) = 4$ , then the number of subsets of A $\cup$ B =1									
	Α	0 <b>B</b>	7	С	128	D		12		
2.		), 1}, B = {x: are equal se		$\leq 2$ }, C = {x:	$x \in W, x^2$	-x = 0,	D = {1, -	-1}, then	1	
	Α	A and C	<b>B</b> A an	nd B C	B an	d C	D	A and D		
3.	The su	m of n terms	s of the set	ties $5+55+5$	555+=				1	
	Α	$\frac{5}{9} \left[ \frac{10}{9} \right]$	$\left[\frac{n}{2}-n\right]$	В		$\frac{5}{9} \left[ \frac{(10)}{10} \right]$	$\frac{(n^n-1)}{9}$	- 1]		
	С	$\left[\frac{10}{9}\right]$	$\left[\frac{n}{2}-n\right]$	D		$\frac{5}{81}[10(1$	$10^{n} - 1$	- 9n]		
4.	Which	of the follow	wing relati	ons are func	tions?					
	i) $\{(1, 2), (2, 2), (3, 2), (4, 2)\}$ ii) $\{(3, 5), (4, 7), (5, 8), (6, 10), (7, 12)\}$ iii) $\{(2, 1), (2, 2), (3, 1), (4, 2), (5, 2)\}$ iv) $\{(5, 1), (5, 2), (5, 3), (5, 4)\}$									
	A	i and ii	В	ii and iv	C <i>i, ii, i</i>	iii and iv	D	iv only		

	Α			21		19	D	-10
	If 2Si	$n\frac{7\pi}{6}$ –	x cos -	$\frac{2\pi}{3} = 0, the$	en x =			
	A	-1	В	$\frac{2}{3}$	C	$\frac{1}{2}$	D	2
	If the	coefficie	nt of $x^2$	<sup>2</sup> in the expa	ansion of (	$(1+x)^m$ is 2	8, then $m =$	
	A	4	В	6	С	8	D	10
	$\cot\frac{\pi}{8}$	=						
	A ·	$\sqrt{2} + 1$	В	$\sqrt{2} - 1$	С	$1 - \sqrt{2}$	D D	$\sqrt{2} + 2$
	The ec	quation o	f a circ	le with cent	re (0, 2) ar	nd radius 2 un	nits is	·
	A		<i>x</i> <sup>2</sup>	$x^2 + y^2 = 4$		В	$x^2 + y$	$x^2 - 4y = 0$
	С		$x^{2} +$	$y^2 - 4x =$	0	D	$x^2 + y$	$^2 + 4y = 8$
).	2 <i>x</i> –	$1  \le 3 t$	hen	_				
	A	$x \in \{1,$	2}	<b>B</b> $x \in$	[-1,2]	C $x \in [$	[1, 2] <b>D</b>	$x \in (-1,2)$
•	If AM	and GM	l of two	numbers a	re 10 and 6	respectively	, then the nu	mbers are
	A	12 and 3	В	10 and 10	С	12 and 8	D	18 and 2
•	If nC <sub>2</sub>	$= nC_{8,}$ f	ind nC	<sub>3</sub> =				
	A	10	B	45	С	120	D	720
•	How r	nany thre	ee-digit	numbers ar	there wi	ll all digits di	istinct?	
	A	999	I	<b>B</b> 648	С	899	D	729
•		-		ut of these $3$ nts =	-	e collinear. T	he number o	f straight lines

15. The nth term of the series  $(2 \times 3) + (5 \times 9) + (8 \times 27) + (11 \times 81) + \cdots$  is:

A 
$$2n(n+1)^2$$
 B  $3n(n+1)^n$  C  $(3n-1)3^n$  D  $(2n+1)(n+1)^n$   
16. If  $\left(\frac{1-i}{1+i}\right)^{100} = a + ib$  then  $a^2 + b^2 = \_$   
A 0 B 4 C 16 D 1

17. Which of the following represents the equation of a line whose sum of intercepts is 1 and product of intercepts is -6?

**A** 
$$3x + 2y = 6$$
 **B**  $3x - 2y = 6$  **C**  $-3x + 2y = 6$  **D**  $3x + 2y = -6$ 

18. The equation of the parabola with vertex (0, 0) passing through (5, 2) and symmetric with respect to y axis is \_\_\_\_\_

**A** 
$$2x^2 = 25y$$
 **B**  $2y^2 = 25x$  **C**  $25x^2 = 2y$  **D**  $25y^2 = 2x$ 

#### ASSERTION-REASON BASED QUESTIONS

In the following questions (19 and 20), a statement of assertion (A) is followed by a statement of Reason (R). Choose the correct answer out of the following choices.

A) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

B) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.

C) A is true but R is false.

D) A is false but R is true.

19. (A) If A (3, 7) B (2, 5) and C(k,9) are collinear, k =4.

(R) The slope of a line is the change in y coordinate with respect to the change in x coordinate.

С

Α

D

<sup>20.</sup> A) 
$$1 + i^2 + i^4 + i^6 + \dots + i^{100} = 1$$

R) For any integer k, 
$$i^{4k} = 1$$
 and  $i^{4k+2} = -1$ .

В

A B C D

1

1

1

1

### SECTION B

21.	Write the following sets A, B and C in roster form: $A = \{x: x \in Z, x^2 \le 4\}, B = \{y: y \in N, y \le 5\}$ and $C = \{k: k \text{ is a prime number }, k < 10\}.$ Hence write $(A - B) \cap (B - C)$ .	2
22.	Find equation of a circle passing through origin and makes intercepts 8 and 6 on x axis and y axis respectively. OR	2
	Given that equation of a parabola is $x^2 = 16y$ . Find the coordinates of the focus, axis of the parabola, the equation of the directrix and the length of the latus rectum.	
23.	Find n and r if $nP_r = 120$ and $nC_r = 20$	2
	If the number of diagonals of a polygon is 44, find the number of its sides.	
24.	Write the multiplicative inverse of the complex number $\frac{(2-i)^2}{1+7i}$ in standard form.	2
25.	Evaluate mean deviation about mean: 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 17.	2
	SECTION C	
26.	Given: For two finite sets A and B, $n(A - B) = 20 + x$ , $n(B - A) = 3x$ and $n(A \cap B) = x + 5$ . If $n(A) = n(B)$ , then the value of x and hence $n(A \cup B)$	3
27.	If $tanA = \frac{p}{p-1}$ , and $tanB = \frac{1}{2p-1}$ then, prove $A - B = \frac{\pi}{4}$ OR	3
	If $tan A = -\frac{3}{4}$ , $A \in IV$ th Quadrant then evaluate $sin \frac{A}{2}$ and $cos \frac{A}{2}$ .	
28.		3
	Solve the inequalities and represent the solution on a number line: $5(2x - 7) - 3(2x + 3) \le 0; 2x + 19 \le 6x + 47$	
29.		3
	Using binomial theorem prove that $6^n - 5n - 1$ is divisible by 25 for $n \in N$ .	
30.	Find r if 5 $(4_{P_r}) = 6_{P_{(r-1)}}$	3
31.	If the sum of two numbers is 6 times their geometric mean, prove that the numbers are in the ratio $3 + 2\sqrt{2} : 3 - 2\sqrt{2}$ .	3
	OR	
	Find three consecutive terms of a GP if the sum and product of these terms are	

 $\frac{13}{3}$  and 1 respectively.

SECTION D

32.

Prove: 
$$\cos^2(x) + \cos^2\left(x + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) + \cos^2\left(x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \frac{3}{2}$$
  
OR

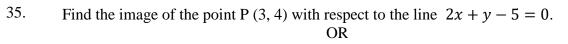
Prove:  $\frac{(1+\cos 4x)}{\cot x - \tan x} = \frac{1}{2}\sin 4x$ 

33.

Find the mean, variance and standard deviation using short cut method

Class	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80	80-90	90-100
f	3	7	12	15	8	3	2

34. Expand and simplify:  $(x + 1)^6 + (x - 1)^6$  and hence evaluate  $(\sqrt{2} + 1)^6 + (\sqrt{2} - 1)^6$ .



Given: The vertices of  $\triangle ABC$  are A(0, 4), B(3, 2) and C(1, -4).

- i) Evaluate area of  $\triangle ABC$ .
- ii) Find the equation of median AD.
- iii) Find the distance to the line BC from the point A.

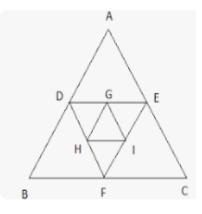
#### SECTION E- Case study-based Questions

36. The side of an equilateral triangle is 20 cm. The midpoints of the sides are joined to form another triangle. The process is continued as shown in the figure.

Based on the given information answer the following:

- i) Find the length of side of fifth triangle so obtained.
- ii) Write the sides of triangle in order to form a sequence and verify that the sequence is a GP.
- iii) (a) Find the sum of perimeters of first 7 triangles. OR

(b) If the process of making triangles continued indefinitely, what will be the sum of areas of all triangles.



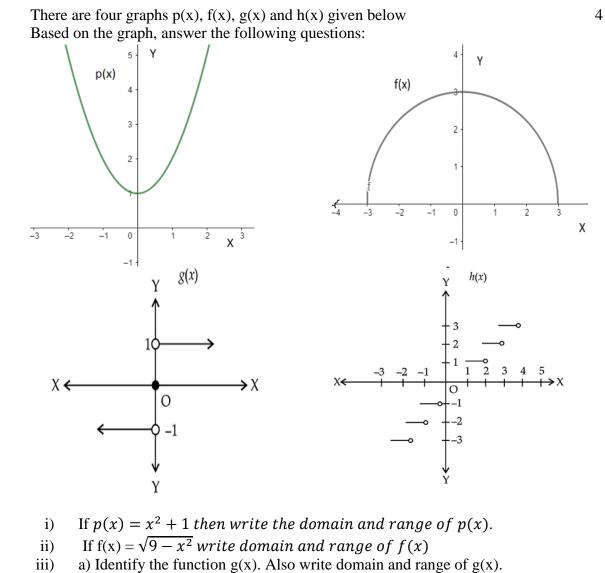
5

5

5

5

4



OR

4

b) Evaluate 
$$h(2.5) + h(-2.5) + h(2)$$
 where  $h(x) = [x]$ .

38. A person standing at the junction (crossing) of two straight paths represented by the equations 2x - 3y - 5 = 0 and

> 3x + 4y - 16 = 0 wants to reach the path whose equation is 6x - 7y + 8 = 0 in the least time.

Based on the above information, answer the following:

- i) Find coordinates of the point where the person is standing.
- ii) Find equation of the path that he should follow.

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37.